



Toward Contention Analysis for Parallel Executing Real- Time Tasks

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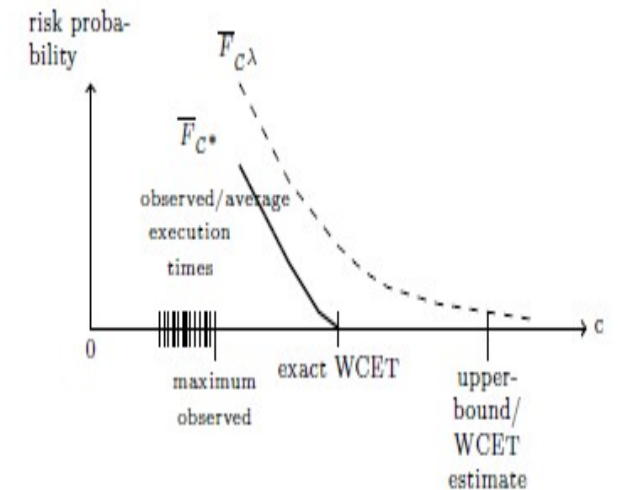
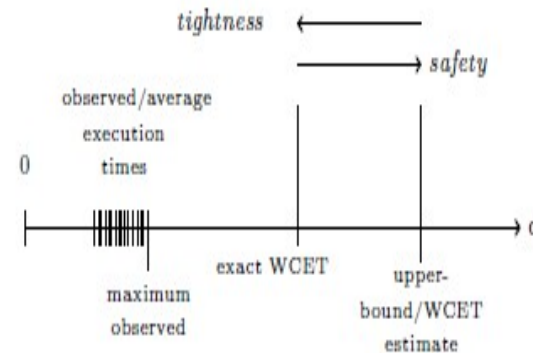
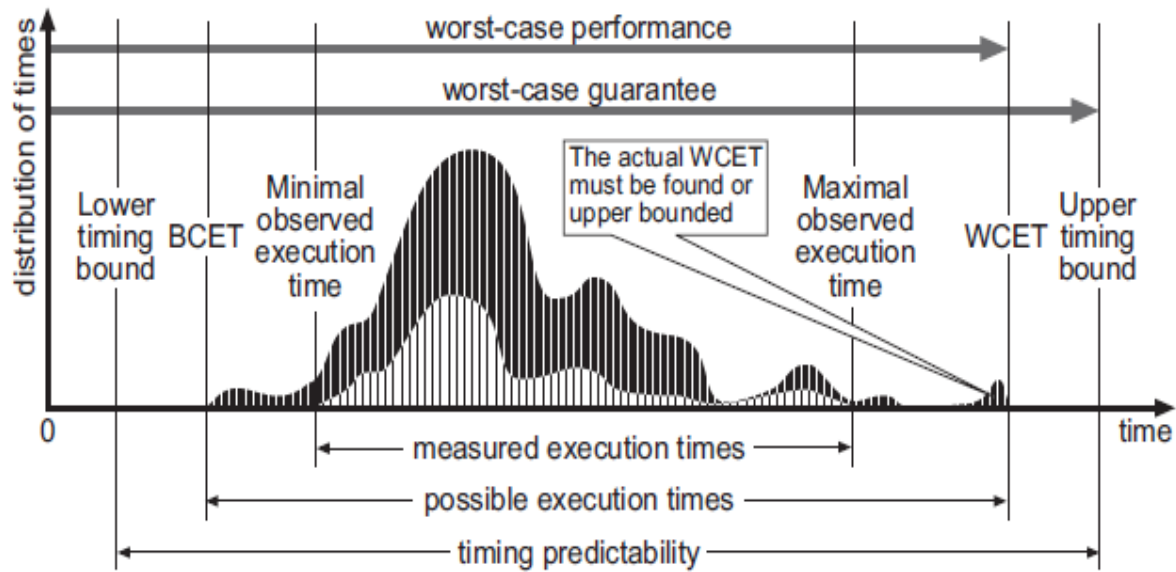
Probabilistic Real-Time System

« A probabilistic real-time system is a system where at least one parameter is described with a probability distribution »

Modeling and schedulability analysis with probabilities

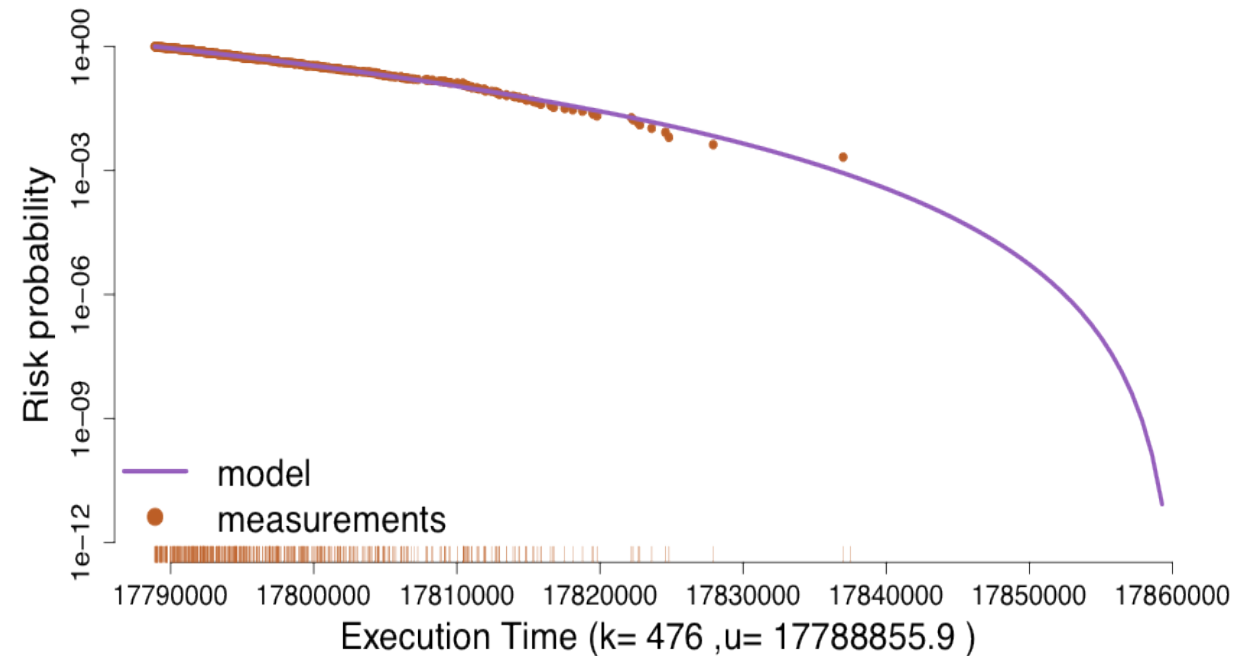
Modeling with Probabilities

Probabilistic Worst-Case Execution Time:

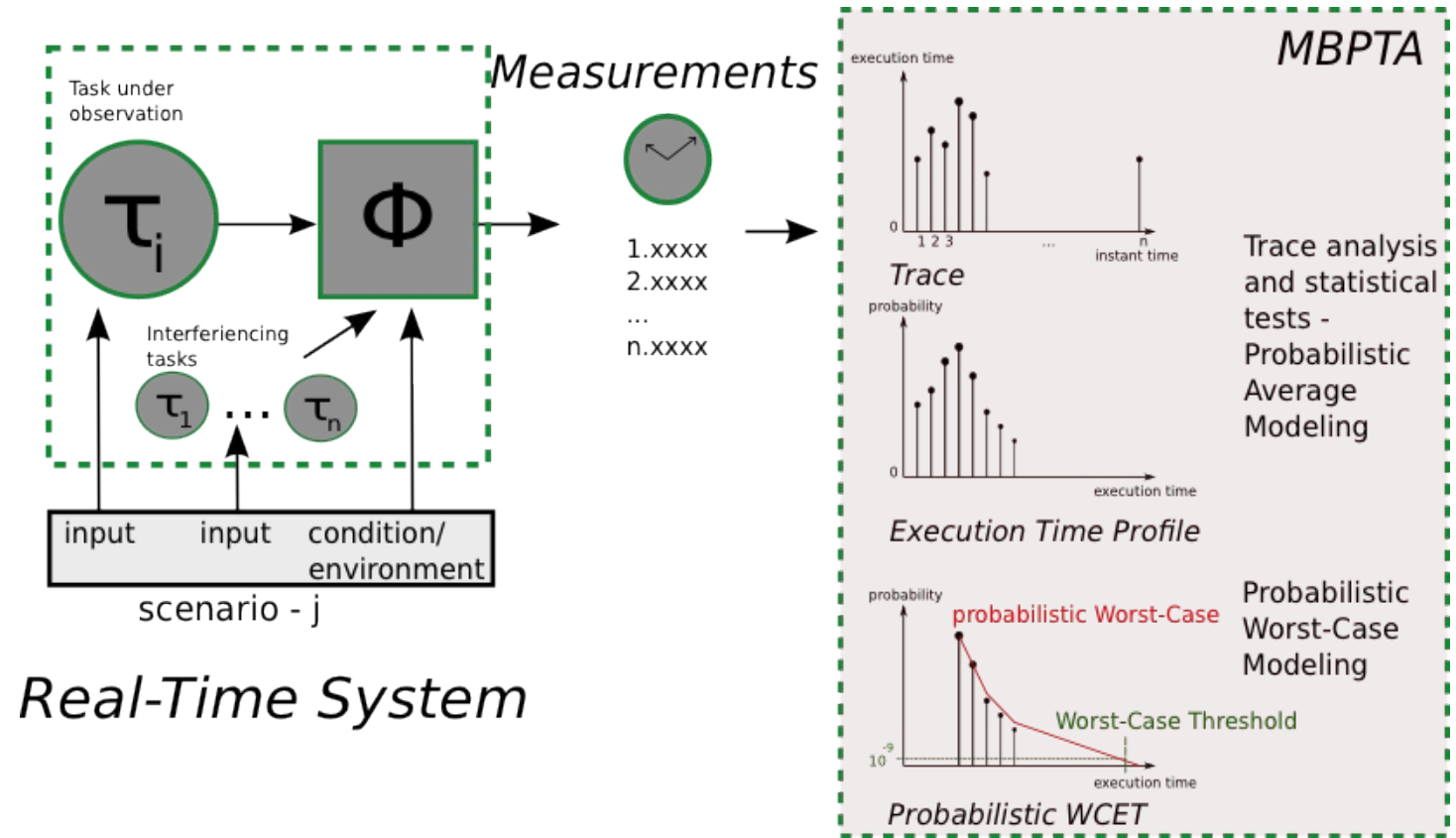


Measurement-Based Probabilistic Timing Analysis

- Measurements
- Statistical analysis + Extreme Value Theory (EVT)
 - pWCET estimates

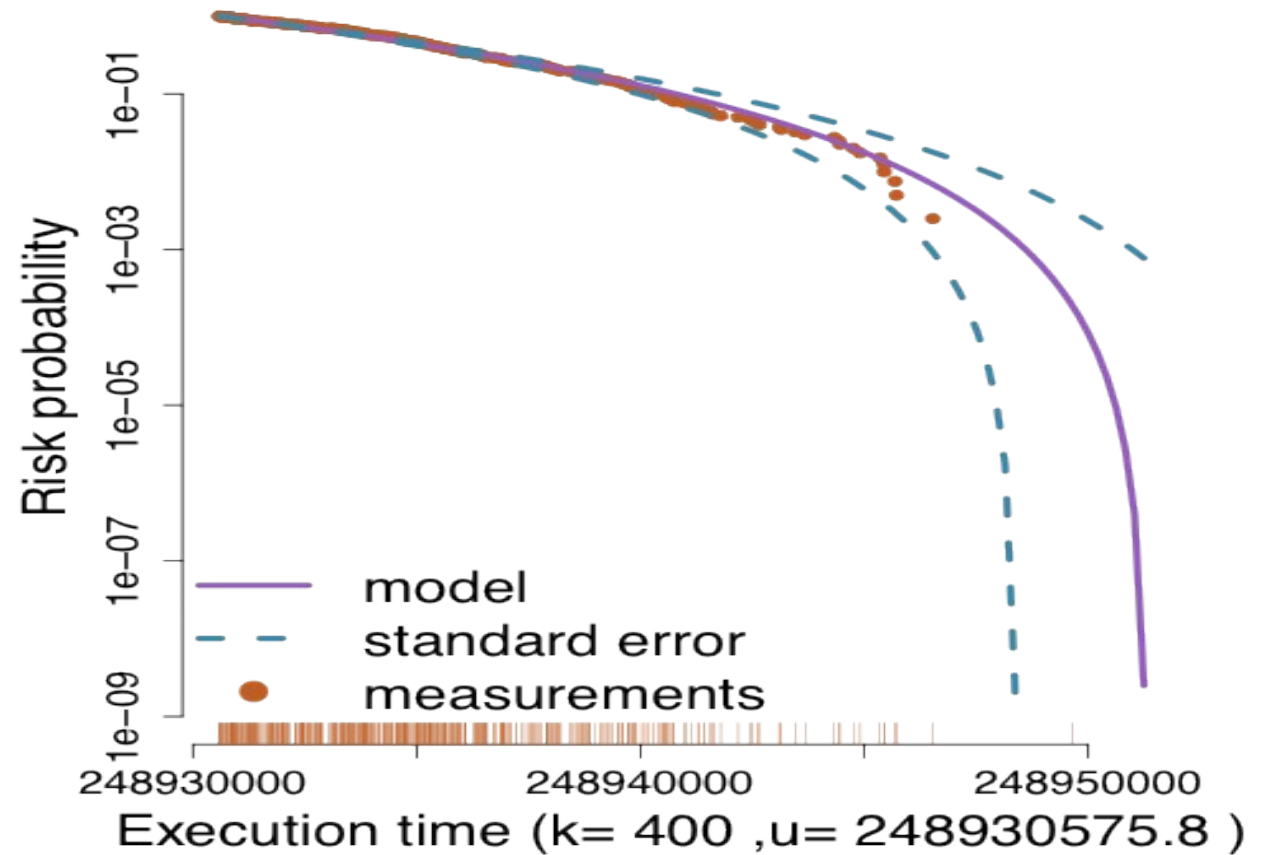
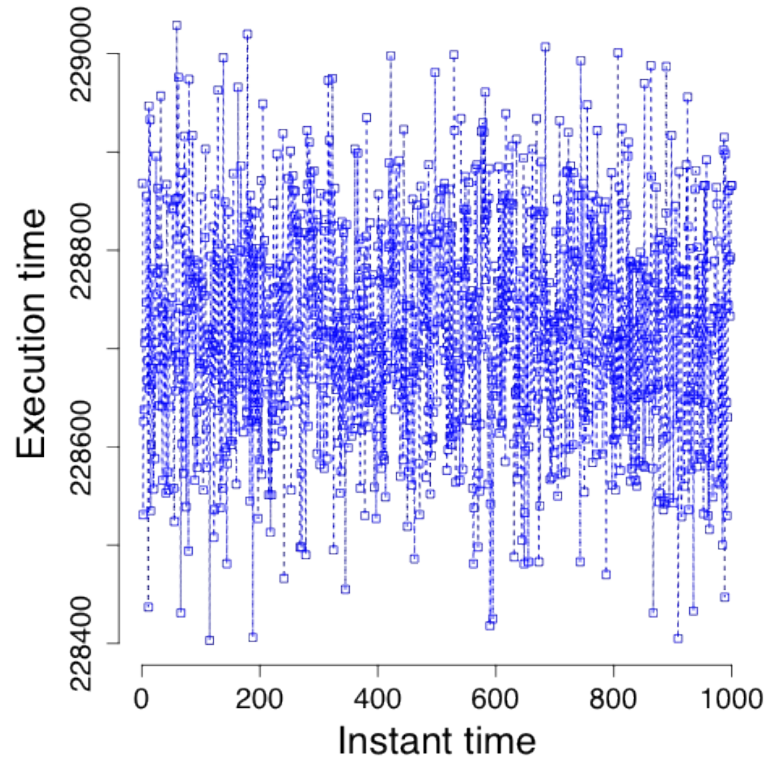


Measurement-Based Probabilistic Timing Analysis

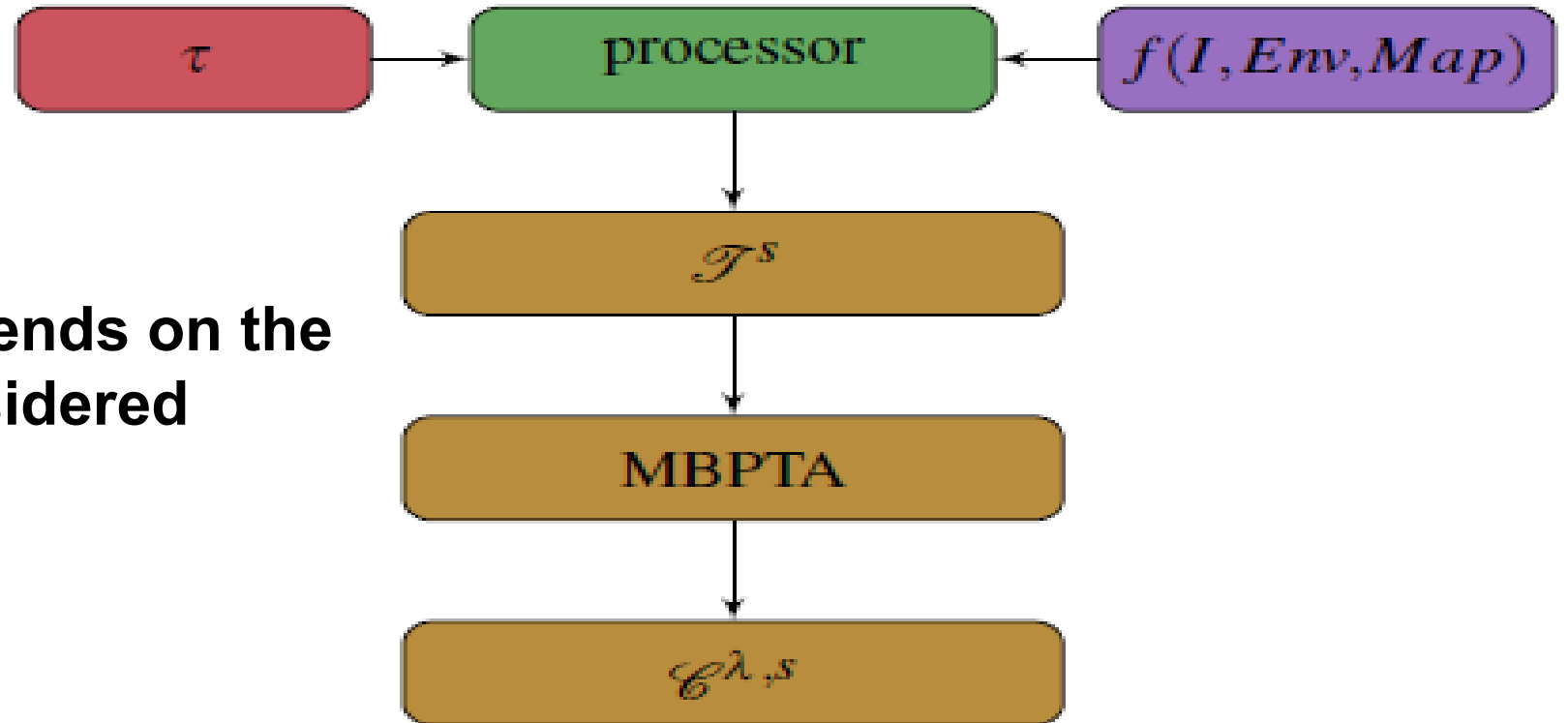


For evaluation only!! Non-time randomized systems!

From measurements to pWCET



Scenario dependence



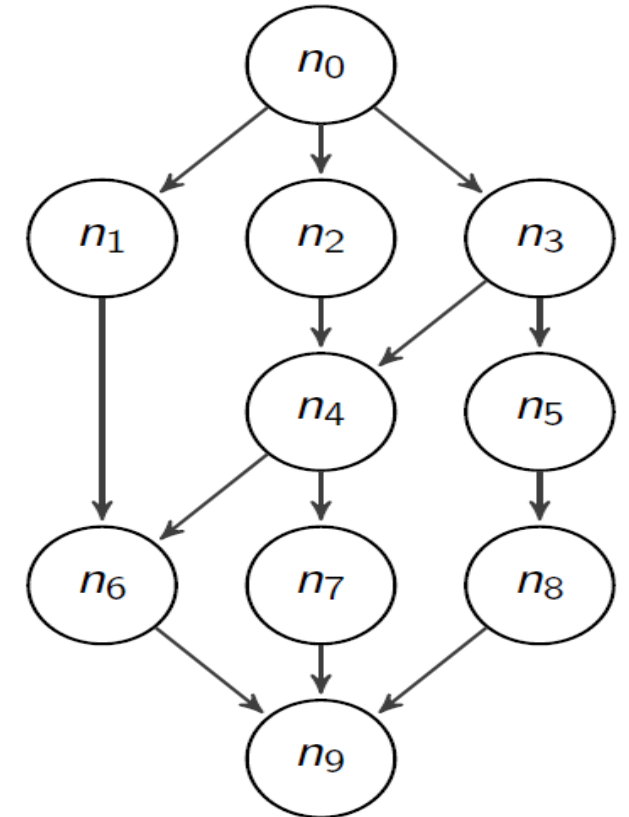
MBPTA and pWCET depends on the execution scenario considered

Contention

- Interference from other tasks on shared resources: contention
- Task set with precedence constraints (DAG)
- Multiple possible scenarios

Notions of: independence, parallel execution, and thus contention

Finding contention and worst-case scenario among the possible from parallel executions



Contention analysis

Step 1: Independence analysis & Contention list search -

Potential contenders of a task are tasks that can execute in parallel to it: tasks independent from it

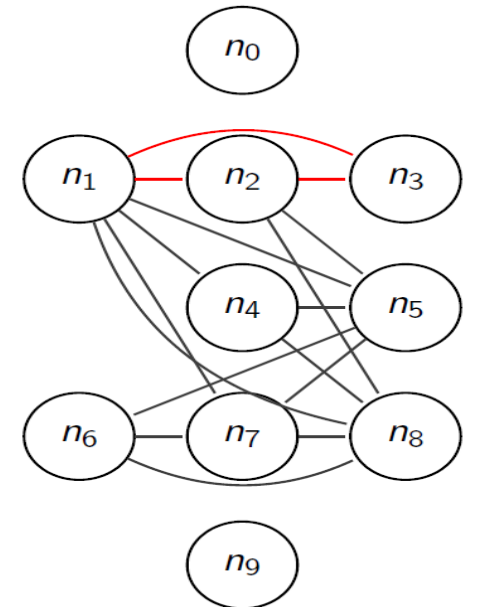
Contender List: seek for the list of possible contenders to a task.

clique - a set of tasks, including the task under observation, in which every couple of tasks are independent

$$\Gamma(n_i) = \{n_j \in G \mid n_i \nabla n_j\}$$

For each task there exists a maximal and minimal size to its cliques

ContenderList(task). There exists constraints...



Contention analysis

Step 2: **Contentiousness Characterization**

The objective of the worst contention analysis is identifying for a task, its worst contenders within $\text{ContenderList}(\text{task})$.

Running potential contender in parallel together with task to seek foster the worst interferences

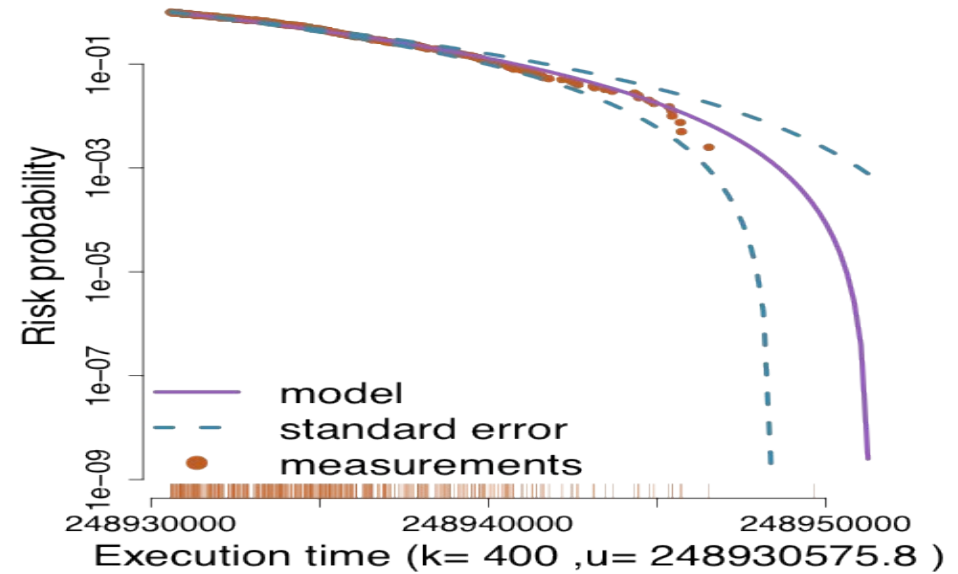
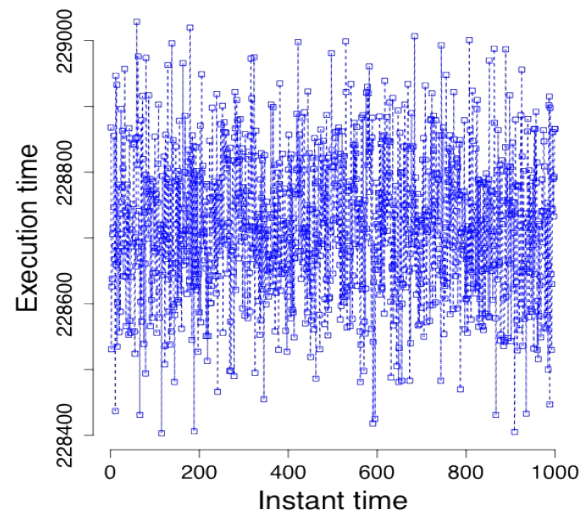
Measure the degree of contentiousness, with mem_band heuristic.

$$\text{mem_band as: } \text{mem_band} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{accesses}/t$$

Contender Classification. The objective of the worst contention analysis is identifying for n_i , its $\min(M - 1, |\text{clique}^{\max}(n_i)| - 1)$ worst contenders within $\text{ContenderList}(n_i)$. Running them in parallel together with n_i would foster the worst interferences for n_i .

Contention analysis

Step 3: **Worst contention scenario measurements:**
MBPTA from the worst-scenario. EVT for pWCET estimation: worst pWCET!



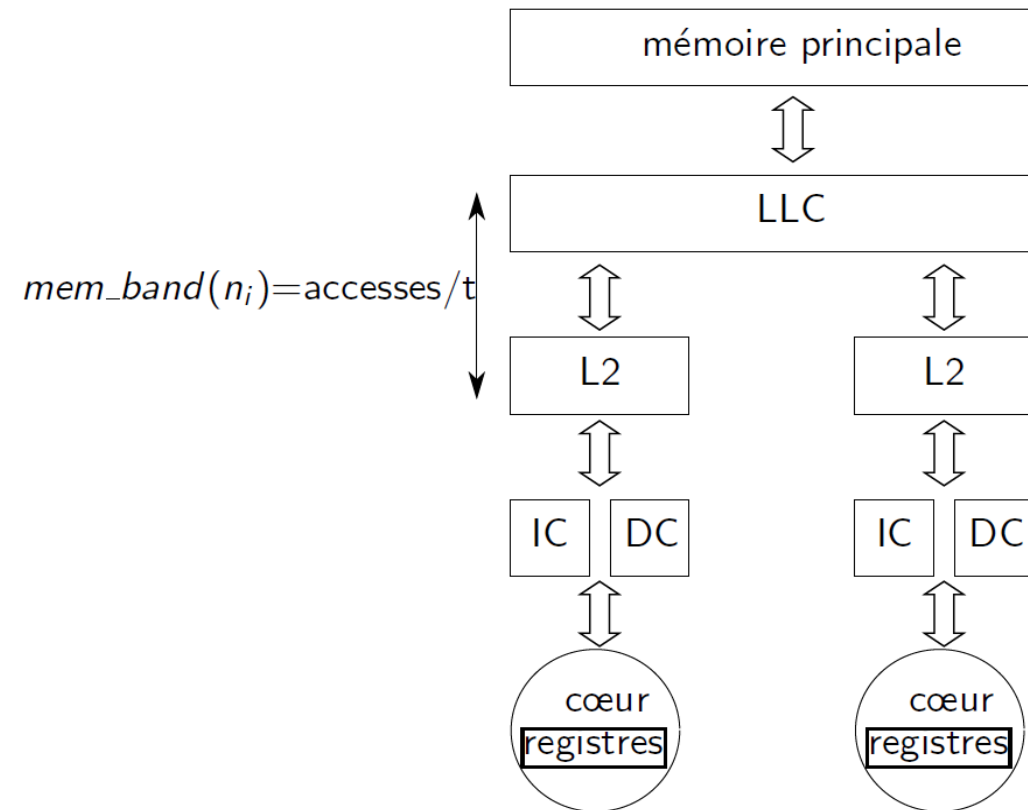
Contention analysis (recap)

1. *Contender List Search* $\forall n_i \in G$, $ContenderList(n_i)$ is the result of the contender list search and the G transformation into \overline{G} . This step includes the independence analysis;
2. *Contentiousness Characterization*: $\forall n_i \in G$, $mem_band(n_i)$ is measured using τ_{mon} in case of $\Phi^M(n_i || \tau_{mon}(t))$. $\tau_{mon}(t)$ is an artifact task used to monitor other task effect on shared resources;
3. *Contender Task Sets Classification*: $\forall n_i \in G$, $sort(ContenderList(n_i))$ sorts the task sets from the ones with the greatest sum of memory bandwidth usage values $sort(ContenderList(n_i))[\cdot]$ to those with the least sum of memory bandwidth usage values $sort(ContenderList(n_i))[ContenderList(n_i)]$;
4. *Worst Contention Scenario Measurements*: $\forall n_i \in G$, $\mathcal{S}(n_i)$ is the measurement trace under s^{worst} $\Phi^M(n_i || sort(ContenderList(n_i))[1])$ to which the EVT is applied.

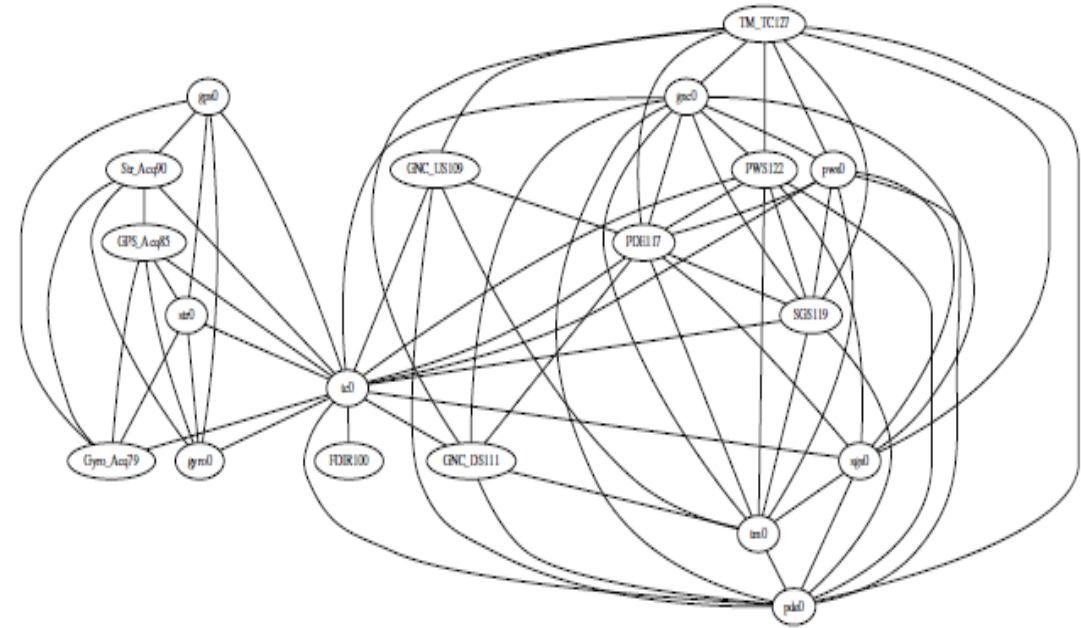
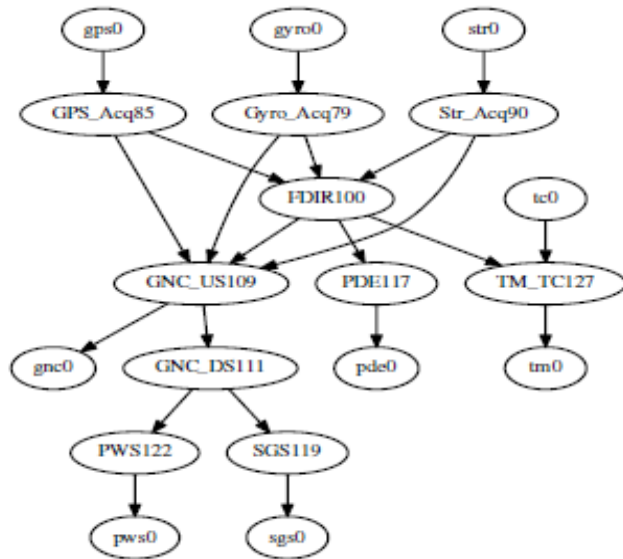
Simulator

Simulator and random generation:

- Focus on memory shared resources and memory bus
- Random profiles to memory access



Some results



- $ContenderList(\text{GPS_Acq85}) = \{ \{ \text{Str_Acq90}, \text{tc0}, \text{gyro0} \}, \{ \text{Str_Acq90}, \text{tc0}, \text{Gyro_Acq79} \}, \{ \text{str0}, \text{tc0}, \text{gyro0} \}, \{ \text{str0}, \text{tc0}, \text{Gyro_Acq79} \} \}$
- $sort(ContenderList(\text{GPS_Acq85})) = \{ \text{ts1} = \{ \text{Str_Acq90}, \text{tc0}, \text{gyro0} \}, \text{ts2} = \{ \text{str0}, \text{tc0}, \text{gyro0} \}, \text{ts3} = \{ \text{Str_Acq90}, \text{tc0}, \text{Gyro_Acq79} \}, \text{ts4} = \{ \text{str0}, \text{tc0}, \text{Gyro_Acq79} \} \}$

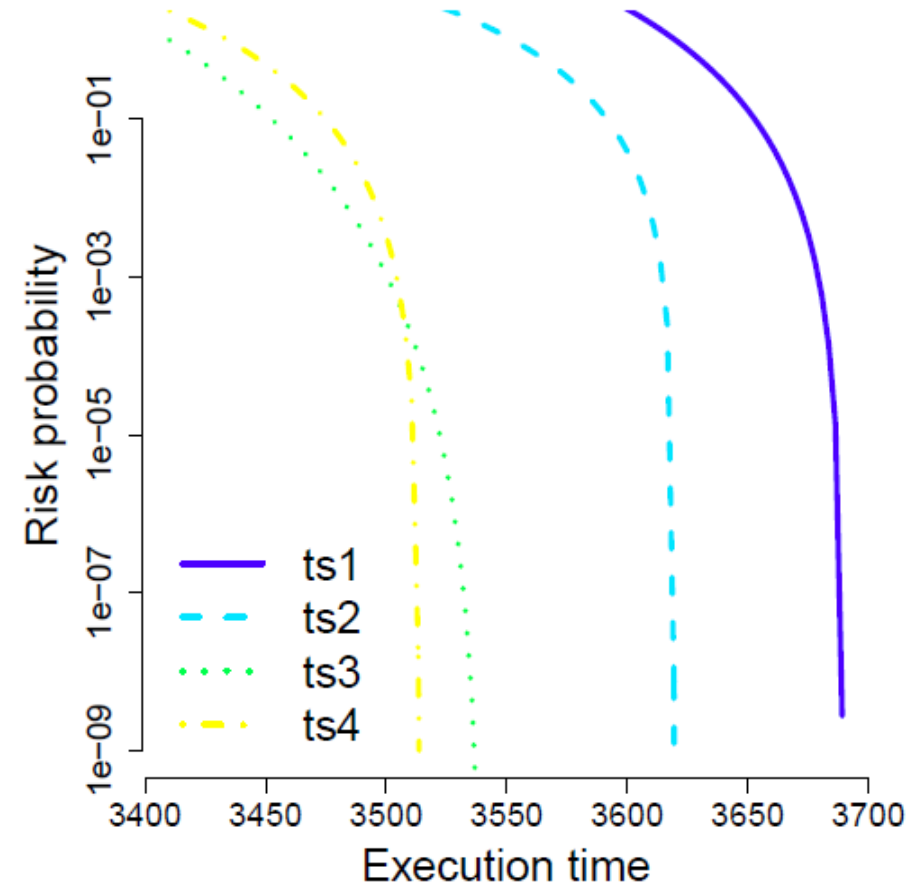
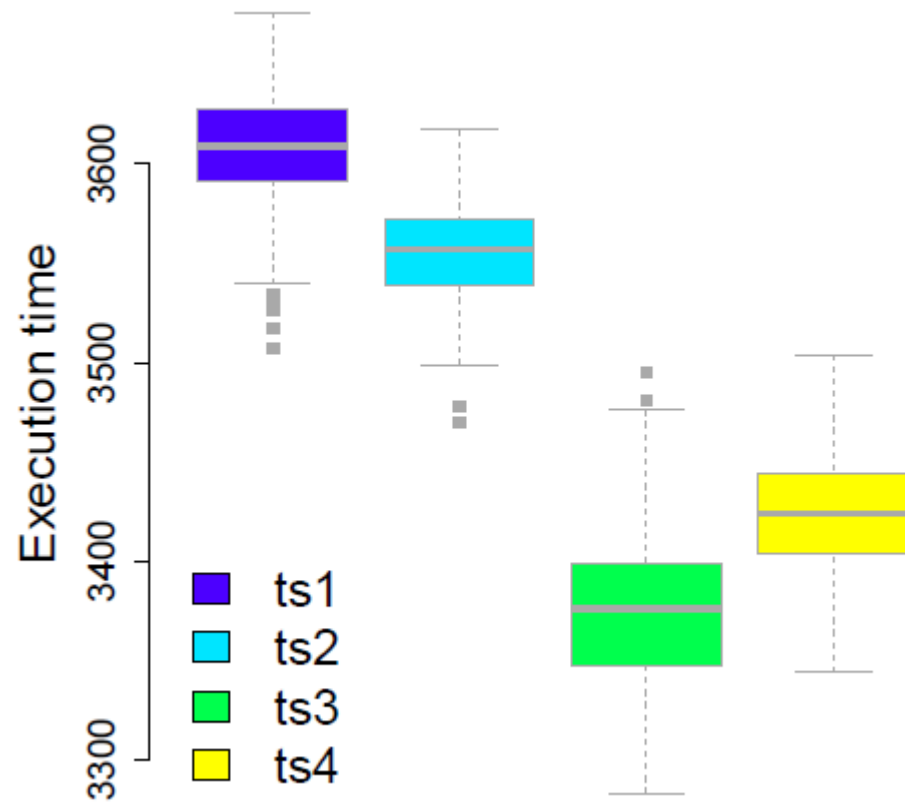
Some results

task	$ clique^{\max}(n_i) $	$\# \Gamma(n_i)$
gps0	4	4
gyro0	4	4
str0	4	4
GPS_Acq85	4	4
Gyro_Acq79	4	4
Str_Acq90	4	4
FDIR100	1	1
tc0	4	26
GNC_US109	3	6
PDE117	4	31
TM_TC127	4	22
gnc0	4	50
GNC_DS111	4	6
pde0	4	31
tm0	4	22
PWS122	4	28
SGS119	4	28
pws0	4	28
sgs0	4	28

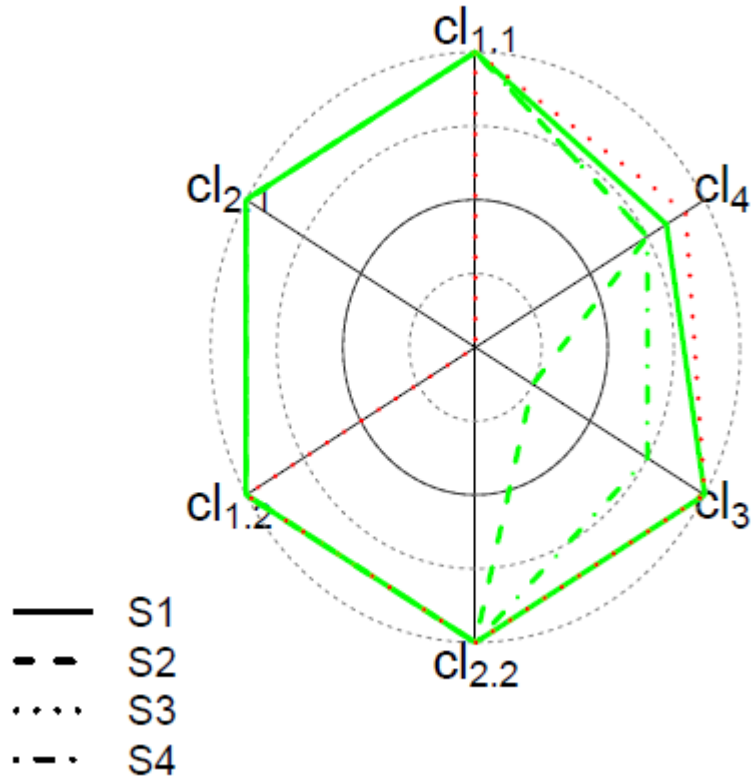
task	execution time (cycles)	L1 hits/misses	L2 hits/misses	bus accesses	mem_band	rank
GPS_Acq85	1025	123/177	93/84	204	0.68	-
Str_Acq90	811	225/75	28/47	118	0.40	2
tc0	271	89/11	0/11	34	0.34	3
gyro0	374	53/47	3/44	57	0.57	1
Gyro_Acq79	641	285/15	0/15	68	0.23	5
str0	261	94/6	0/6	32	0.32	4
gps0	355	55/45	5/40	54	0.54	-

Complex problem: need for less expensive alternatives!

Some results



Some results



\mathcal{T}	cl_4	$\langle WCET; 10^{-9} \rangle$	$WCET^{-SE}$	cl_3^{-SE}	$WCET^{+SE}$	cl_3^{+SE}
S1	3.33	3693	3676	4	3790	4
S2	3.00	3618	3617	1	3638	1
S3	3.67	3548	3495	4	5048	4
S4	3.00	3513	3504	3	3568	3

Thank you
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